

Protestant Reformation



The Protestant Reformation was the 16th-century religious, political, intellectual and cultural upheaval that splintered Catholic Europe, setting in place the structures and beliefs that would define the continent in the modern era.

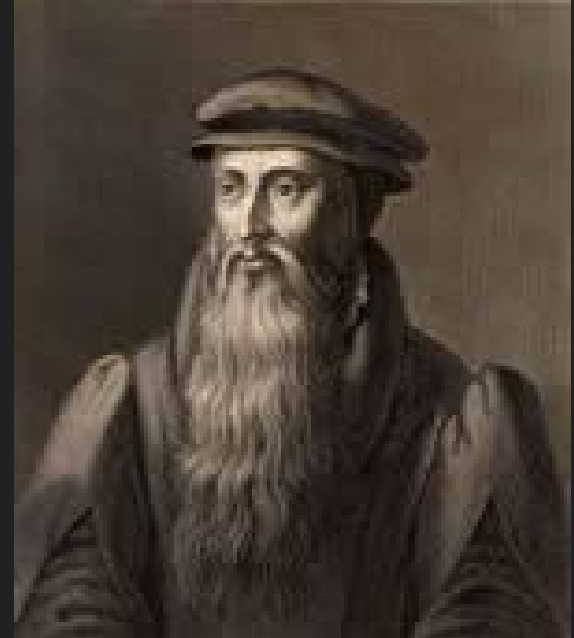
Important People and Events

- Friar named Girolamo Savonarola urged the people of Florence to give up their luxuries
- Henry the VIII had 6 wives and tried having a son, the 6th wife had a son
- John Knox started the presbyterians
- John Calvin And his followers had strict laws



"All who call on God in true faith, earnestly from the heart, will certainly be heard, and will receive what they have asked and desired."

Martin Luther



Martin Luther

- People wanted change. Martin Luther's ideas attracted many followers. Luther and his followers had become a separate group, they called themselves "Lutherans".
- Martin Luther taught that you can't buy your way into Heaven. But it is by your Faith and your Works that make you qualified to enter the gates of Heaven.
- He just wanted to be a good Christian, not lead a religious revolution.



Modern Ideas

- Challenging authority or tradition
- Divorces (annulments)
- Freedom of Religion
- Change can be good
- The Lutherans: 8,300,000 in U.S.



Sources

Intro Slide Sentence: <http://www.history.com/topics/reformation>

Intro Slide Photo: <http://www.concordiaseniorliving.com/protestant-reformation/>

Second Slide Photo: <http://quotesgram.com/martin-luther-quotes-scripture/>

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